Science - Year 1 – Autumn - How do I use my body?

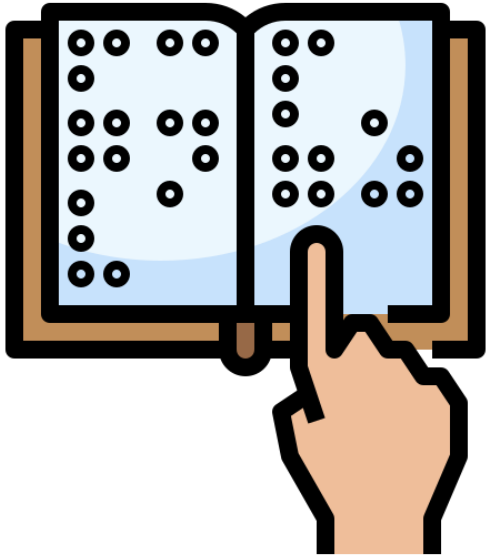
The Rivers C.of E. Academy Trust
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What I already know:

We use our bodies in different ways. Different parts of our body help us to do different things.
We use our ears, eyes, hands, nose and mouth to help us to explore the world.

What I need to know:

The body is made up of different parts, each of which have different names and jobs.
Humans understand and experience their environment by using the five senses.
The five senses are touch, smell, sight, taste and hearing.
Humans use different parts of the body for the different senses. The eyes are used for sight, the ears for hearing, the nose for smell and the tongue for taste. Hands are usually used for touch, but any part of the body can sense touch.
Sometimes, people cannot use their senses fully or at all. There are different pieces of equipment that can help people when some of their senses can't be used. These can include glasses, hearing aids, braille and sign language.









SDG Link:
Reduced Inequalities– Lesson 6 – To identify how people adapt when some senses can't be used.

10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES

Vocabulary Focus:

Tier 2:

vision – the ability to see.
eyelid – a fold of skin that can be opened or shut over the eyeball.
pupil – the small, dark opening in the centre of the eye. Light passes through the pupil into the eye.
iris – the coloured circle around the pupil of the eye.
sense – any of five ways to understand or experience your surroundings. The senses are touch, smell, sight, taste and hearing.
predict –to tell or try to tell what will happen in the future.
braille – a writing and printing system for people who cannot see or see easily, in which patterns of raised dots act as letters. The dots are touched with fingers to be read.
hearing aid – a small electronic device that makes sound louder and is worn to improve hearing.
blind – not being able to see; having no sight.
deaf - not able to hear or hear well.

Tier 3:

binoculars – a device that uses lenses and mirrors to make an object look larger. They are used with both eyes at once.
magnifying glass – a lens that makes objects seen through it appear larger.
microscope – an instrument that uses a lens to make very small objects larger so that they can be seen by the eye.
telescope – an instrument that uses lenses and sometimes mirrors to make distant objects appear larger.
experiment – a carefully planned test used to discover something unknown.